



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
P.O. BOX 60267  
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160 - 0267

REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF:

LMNPD-F

9 August 1984

Revised: 20 November 1984

Lake Pontchartrain, Louisiana,  
and Vicinity Hurricane Protection Project

Post Authorization Change  
Notification Report

1. Description of Authorized Project. The project is located in southeastern Louisiana. Portions of five parishes, Orleans, Jefferson, St. Bernard, St. Charles, and St. Tammany, are included in the project area. The authorized project, (Barrier Plan) provides protection to 501,780 acres in the New Orleans area from the Standard Project Hurricane by a system of levees, floodwalls, and three barrier structures. The barrier structures would be located at the three main passes into Lake Pontchartrain--The Rigolets, Chef Menteur Pass, and at Seabrook on the lake side of the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal (IHNC). Normally open, the structures would be closed during a hurricane to prevent filling of the lake by hurricane driven tides. This would reduce the water level in the lake and the required levee and floodwall heights along the south shore of Lake Pontchartrain. Acquisition of lands, easements, rights-of-way, and disposal areas is the responsibility of local interests. In addition to the land requirements, the items of local cooperation include hold and save the United States free from damages, accomplish relocations, maintain and operate project features except the Seabrook structure at the IHNC, provide interior drainage, and bear 30 percent of the first cost. The Rigolets lock would be operated and maintained by the Federal Government, but local interests would reimburse this cost.

2. Authorization. The project was authorized by the Flood Control Act of 1965 dated October 27, 1965 (Public Law 89-298) in accordance with House Document No. 231, 89th Congress, 1st Session.

3. Funding Since Authorization.

| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>Appropriation</u>             |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1966               | \$ 538,000 (Initial AE&D Funds)  |
| 1967               | 1,600,000 (Initial Const. Funds) |
| 1968               | 4,086,000                        |
| 1969               | 6,269,000                        |
| 1970               | 8,050,000                        |
| 1971               | 11,250,000                       |
| 1972               | 10,946,000                       |
| 1973               | 17,500,000                       |
| 1974               | 0                                |
| 1975               | -2,080,000                       |
| 1976               | 10,845,000                       |
| 1976 T-Qtr.        | 5,135,000                        |
| 1977               | 10,575,000                       |
| 1978               | 7,500,000                        |
| 1979               | 230,000                          |
| 1980               | 13,320,000                       |
| 1981               | 8,800,000                        |
| 1982               | 13,000,000                       |
| 1983               | 13,716,000                       |
| 1984               | 8,800,000                        |
| Total              | <u>\$150,080,000</u>             |

4. Changes in Scope of Authorized Project. The High Level Plan would provide flood protection in the New Orleans area through construction of levees and floodwalls along essentially the same alignment as those of the authorized plan; but levees would be constructed to a higher grade in lieu of construction of the three barriers. There would be no significant changes in the scope of the authorized project. Both the presently authorized plan and the recommended plan provide standard project hurricane protection to extensively developed areas in the New Orleans area which are located between the south shore of Lake Pontchartrain and the Mississippi River. With the recommended plan, hurricane protection to areas along the north shore of the lake would be foregone. This protection, which was incidental to the construction of the barrier features of the authorized plan, accounts for less than 5 percent of the total NED benefits.

5. Changes in Project Purpose. There is no change in project purpose with the recommended plan. The single project purpose is hurricane protection with the presently authorized plan and the recommended plan.

6. Changes in Local Cooperation Requirements. There are no changes in the items of local cooperation necessitated by the change from the barrier plan to the high level plan. Supplemental assurances would be required, however, due to the redistribution of the non-Federal share of the project cost among local sponsors upon adoption of the high level plan.

7. Change in Location of Project. The location of the levee in St. Charles Parish has been changed from a lakefront alignment to an alignment just north of and parallel to U. S. Highway 61 (Airline Highway). The new location results in a substantial cost reduction, is much less environmentally damaging, and provides protection to existing development. The north of Airline Highway alignment requires less acreage for rights-of-way and eliminates the large land requirement for ponding areas. The barrier structures and their associated levees would also be eliminated.

8. Design Changes. The reevaluation of the project resulted in the recommendation of a design change from the authorized Barrier Plan of protection to a High Level Plan without barrier structures. Under the High Level Plan the design height of the levees and floodwalls proposed for the Barrier Plan would be increased to contain the higher lake levels that would occur without the barrier structures. The barrier structures would have had an unquantified negative impact on the biological productivity and fishery nursery values of Lake Pontchartrain by restricting the tidal passes. Deleting the barrier structures reduces the adverse environmental impacts of the project. The direct construction impacts of the High Level Plan are also less than the direct construction impacts of the Barrier Plan.

9. Changes in Total Project Costs.

COST COMPARISON  
(\$1,000,000 Oct 84 Price Levels)

|                 | TOTAL PROJECT<br>COST | SUNK<br>COST <u>1/</u> | REMAINING<br>COST <u>2/</u> |
|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| HIGH LEVEL PLAN | 743.0                 | 270.4                  | 472.6                       |
| BARRIER PLAN    | 845.6                 | 226.5                  | 619.1                       |

1/ Difference in sunk cost is difference in total project cost for FY 85 program.

2/ Incremental cost reflecting work remaining after FY 85 and design changes subsequent to completion of the reevaluation studies.

COMPARISON WITH COSTS PRESENTED TO CONGRESS  
(\$1,000)

|              | Recommended<br>HIGH LEVEL<br>PLAN (Oct 84 <u>1/</u><br>price levels) | BARRIER PLAN  |   |   |   |
|--------------|--|---|---|---|---|
|              |  | Authorized<br>Plan Project<br>Document Cost<br>(Dec 61 price<br>levels) | Project<br>Document<br>Cost (Oct<br>84 price<br>levels) | Last<br>Presented<br>to Congress<br>(Oct 83<br>price<br>levels) | Plan<br>Presented<br>in Re-<br>evaluation<br>Report Oct<br>84 <u>1/</u><br>price<br>levels) |
| Incremental  | 743,000  | 98,100  | 367,000   | 573,000   | 845.6   |
| Fully Funded | 820,000  |   |   | 598,000   | 867.3   |

1/ These costs are based on the latest and best information developed in reevaluation studies adjusted to reflect work to be completed through FY 85 and design changes subsequent to the completion of the reevaluation studies. The Barrier Plan (LTC) reflects repetitive price leveling which has, over time, produced cost estimates which no longer adequately reflect the probable cost of construction.

The total cost changes between the authorized project (\$98,100,000) and the recommended project (\$820,000,000) are listed below.

|   |                               |
|---|-------------------------------|
| a. Price Escalation   | \$492,860,000                 |
| b. Proposed and Authorized<br>Modifications <u>1/</u>           | 213,126,000                   |
| c. Post-Contract Awards and<br>Estimating Adjustments <u>2/</u> | -5,123,000                    |
| d. Sundry <u>3/</u>   | 3,794,000                     |
| e. Real Estate <u>4/</u>  | <u>17,243,000</u>             |
|   | \$721,900,000 (Total Changes) |

1/ Changes in project design which are authorized or would be authorized by the Congress or the Chief of Engineers.

2/ Differences between the cost estimate for an item and the actual cost of construction of that item. This applies only to completed work.

3/ Changes in cost that do not fall into other categories.

4/ Changes in the total cost of real estate exclusive of price escalation. This item includes those changes affected by item b.

10. Changes in Project Benefits.

COMPARISON OF BENEFITS  
(\$1,000)

| Category               | Project Document <u>1/</u> | Last Reported to Congress <u>2/</u> | <u>Reevaluation Report <u>3/</u></u><br>Recommended |                 |
|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
|                        |                            |                                     | Barrier Plan  | High Level Plan |
| Flood damage prevented |                            |                                     |   |                 |
| Agricultural-          |                            | 40                                  |   |                 |
| Urban                  |                            | <u>232,170</u>                      |   |                 |
| Total                  | 52,432                     | <u>232,210</u>                      | 94,796  | 104,248         |
| Enhancement-           |                            |                                     |   |                 |
| Intensification        | 729                        | 12,798                              | -   | -               |
| Area redevelopment     |                            |                                     |   |                 |
| (ARA)                  | -                          | <u>3,043</u>                        | -   | -               |
| Total                  | <u>53,161</u>              | <u>248,051</u>                      | <u>94,796</u>                                       | <u>104,248</u>  |

1/ Total benefits based on December 1961 price levels and a 2 7/8 % interest rate.

2/ Benefits remaining after FY 1984 based on October 1983 price levels and a 3 1/8 % interest rate.

3/ Benefits remaining after FY 1985 based on October 1984 price levels and a 3 1/8 % interest rate.

Benefits shown for the project document and those last reported to Congress (LTC) are based on implementation of the Barrier Plan. Differences between these values result from price level increases, changes in the discount rate, inclusion of employment (area redevelopment) benefits, relatively minor changes to reflect growth in the Chalmette extension area, and periodic adjustments to reflect both sunk costs and sunk benefits attributed to completed works. The differences are based largely on office studies and reflect a minimum of substantive reevaluation.

Benefit and cost data for the Barrier Plan and High Level Plan as presented in the July 1984 Reevaluation Report, reflect a complete reanalysis of values remaining to be accrued adjusted to reflect design changes and work to be completed through September 1985. This reanalysis extended to complete revision of fundamental base data and consideration of many changes both in the study area and in agency regulations which became applicable subsequent to publication of the project document. Since many of the major and minor variables which were revised in the reevaluation study are interactive, attribution of specific portions of the changes in the benefit values is not possible, except in the case of the benefit categories which were deleted entirely (intensification-enhancement, agriculture, ARA). Each of these variables has been identified in the following paragraphs, however, and a qualitative estimate of the effect on the benefits resulting from revisions to the variables is provided.

The variables are organized into two main categories: methodological changes, including revisions to policy and regulations; and study area and base data changes, such as revisions to contour data; and structure values. Each category is discussed separately below.

#### Methodological Revisions

a. The project document and the LTC data include substantial intensification and location benefits on large numbers of acres which were deemed undevelopable or developable only at low intensity without the project. Many of these acreages have developed subsequently, however, without apparent regard to flood proneness; thus only inundation reduction benefits have been claimed in the reevaluation report.

b. The project document and LTC data reflect the authorized but deferred St. Charles Parish lakefront protection levee alignment. This protection generated substantial benefits based on enhancement of wetlands between U. S. Highway 61 and Lake Pontchartrain. This alignment is not a recommended feature of the reevaluation report plan, nor are benefits and costs for such protection included. Only inundation reduction and emergency benefits on existing and minor future development south of Highway 61 or immediately adjacent to the highway to the north are included in the reevaluation report data.

c. In the reevaluation report, future development was assumed to occur at floor elevations consistent with FIA requirements. The previous analysis was based on floor elevations of 1.5 feet above nominal ground elevation, which is generally much lower than FIA requirements. This also impacts a portion of the benefits categorized as "existing benefits" in the reevaluation report, which are related to structures which were developed per FIA regulations subsequent to the previous study.

d. Employment benefits (area redevelopment benefits) were not included in the reevaluation report because the study area no longer qualifies under Department of Commerce criteria as suffering from "substantial and persistent unemployment."

e. Growth rated (OBERS-based) on remaining undeveloped acreages are lower in the reevaluation report.

f. A portion of the benefits included in previous documents were discounted as "future benefits" while in the reevaluation report the passage of time has resulted in some of these benefits becoming "present benefits", i.e. undiscounted benefits.

g. Last reported to Congress remaining benefits are proportioned based on costs remaining. This has tended to overstate remaining benefits as remaining costs were inflated compared to sunk costs.



h. Agricultural benefits claimed in prior data were not analyzed or claimed in the reevaluation report due to the relative unimportance of this category.

i. Business losses claimed in the previous studies were not calculated for the reevaluation report due to the extreme complexity involved and the lack of consensus over acceptable methods of netting out the NED impacts from the regional effects.

j. No losses to vehicles were analyzed in the reevaluation report.

k. Benefits to areas on the North Shore of Lake Pontchartrain were of course also subject to various of the above factors. In addition, the recommended plan contained in the reevaluation report, i.e., the High Level Plan, provides no protection for the North Shore; therefore, no benefits to that area are claimed.

#### Base data Revisions and Changes in the Study Area

a. Residential and non-residential depth of flooding-damage relationships have been revised in accordance with actual field surveys conducted for the reevaluation study. This is also true for the value of contents/value of structure relationship.

b. Revised stage-frequency curves were used for the reevaluation report.

c. The reevaluation report is based on completely revised contour maps of the study area.

d. Structure and contents values used in the reevaluation report analysis are actual appraised values (1980) based on sample surveys as opposed to the indexed values used for the budget data submissions.

11. Benefit-Cost Ratio.

BENEFIT-COST RATIO COMPARISON

(3 1/8 percent interest rate; Oct 84 price levels)

| Last Reported<br>to Congress | Reevaluation Report            |              |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
|                              | Recommended<br>High Level Plan | Barrier Plan |
| 16.5                         | 6.7                            | 4.5          |

Based on costs and benefits remaining after FY 1985.

The interest rate used in the project document was 2 7/8 percent. The project was reevaluated using a discount rate of 3 1/8 percent, the rate in effect at the time construction funds were first appropriated. Section 80 of the 1974 Water Resources Development Act allows the use of this discount rate for this project. The benefit-cost ratios at the current interest rate of 8 3/8 percent as calculated for the reevaluation report are 3.2 to 1 for the recommended High Level Plan and 1.7 to 1 for the Barrier Plan.

12. Changes in Project Status.

|                                | PROJECT STATUS <sup>1/</sup> |                 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                | <u>FISCAL</u> <sup>2/</sup>  | <u>PHYSICAL</u> |
| Recommended<br>High Level Plan | 36%                          | 68%             |
| Barrier Plan                   | 27%                          | 61%             |

<sup>1/</sup> Status is based on the latest and best information developed in reevaluation studies adjusted to reflect work to be completed through FY 85 and design changes subsequent to the completion of reevaluation studies.

<sup>2/</sup> Based on incremental cost, October 1984 price levels.

13. Changes in Cost Apportionment.

COST APPORTIONMENT  
(\$1,000, Fully Funded, Oct 1984 Price Levels)

|                             | Authorized Project <sup>1/</sup> | Recommended Project |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Ultimate Federal Cost       | 612,000                          | 574,000             |
| Total Federal Appropriation | 623,000                          | 619,000             |
| Non-Federal Cost            |                                  |                     |
| Reimbursement <sup>2/</sup> | 11,000                           | 45,000              |
| Cash Contribution           | 179,000                          | 114,860             |
| Other (Lands & Relocations) | <u>65,300</u>                    | <u>86,140</u>       |
| Total                       | 255,300                          | 246,000             |
| Total <sup>3/</sup>         | 867,300                          | 820,000             |

<sup>1/</sup> Cost is based on latest and best information developed in reevaluation studies adjusted to reflect work to be completed through FY 85 and design changes subsequent to the completion of the reevaluation study.

<sup>2/</sup> Federal appropriations which are to be reimbursed by local interests.

<sup>3/</sup> Total project cost, fully funded.

14. Environmental Considerations in Recommended Changes. The recommended change in plans will reduce the adverse environmental impacts of the project. The Barrier Plan would cause unquantifiable negative impacts to the Lake Pontchartrain ecosystem. The impacts would primarily result from reductions in the lake's productivity and in export to other systems due to restriction of the passes. The Barrier Plan would also impact 2,363 acres of marsh, 164 acres of cypress tupelo swamp, 28 acres of lake bottom, 870 acres of bayou/canal, and 41 acres of bottomland hardwoods. The High Level Plan would impact 213 acres of cypress tupelo swamp, 54 acres of marsh, and 984 acres of lake bottoms.

A supplement to the EIS has been prepared. The draft was filed with EPA in December 1983 and coordinated in accordance with ER 200-2-2. The final supplment was furnished to OCE in August 1984 for review.

15. Public Involvement. There was significant public opposition to the Barrier Plan prior to the court-ordered injunction of barrier construction due to deficiencies in the EIS. Two public meetings were held during the course of the reevaluation study to apprise the public of our decision to recommend the High Level Plan and to receive public comment. Both meetings were held in New Orleans, Louisiana; one on November 21, 1981 and one on April 12, 1984. In general the High Level Plan satisfies the public's desire for a less environmentally damaging plan, while reducing costs. There is still some dissatisfaction with levee alignments which enclose wetland areas and the use of Lake Pontchartrain for borrow material. However, studies indicate the impact on wetland areas will be negligible, and the cost of obtaining borrow material from alternative sites is prohibitive. Some environmental groups have requested a mitigation plan be included in the reevaluation report. However, the mitigation report will be submitted as a separate document. A number of conceptual mitigation plans have been developed. These plans were presented to the public for their review and comment at a scoping meeting held on June 28, 1984. The draft mitigation report and draft EIS are scheduled for public review in March 1985. The final mitigation report and EIS are scheduled to be filed with EPA in January 1986.

16. Project History. The project was authorized in 1965 and construction began upon receipt of funds in 1966. In response to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, an EIS was prepared in 1974 and filed with the Council on Environmental Quality in January 1975. Local environmental interests subsequently filed suit challenging the adequacy of the EIS. On December 30, 1977, major portions of the project were enjoined from further construction by United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana, New Orleans Division. In March 1978, after presentation of additional information by the Corps, the injunction was modified to allow continued construction of all portions of the project except the barrier complexes at Chef Menteur Pass and The Rigolets. A reevaluation study and a supplement to the EIS were prepared in response to the court injunction. This request for post authorization changes is a result of the reevaluation studies.