SUBJECT: Family Subsistence Supplemental Allowance (FSSA) Program

References:  
(a) Sections 401, and 402a of title 37, United States Code
(c) Sections 2012 and 2014c of title 7, United States Code

1. PURPOSE

This Instruction implements policy, assigns responsibilities, and prescribes procedures under Section 402a of reference (a) to carry out the FSSA Program.

2. APPLICABILITY

This Instruction applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments (including the Coast Guard when, by agreement with the Department of Transportation, it is operating as a Military Service of that Department), the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Combatant Commands, the Defense Agencies, the DoD Field Activities, and all other organizational entities in the Department of Defense (hereafter referred to collectively as "the DoD Components"). The term "Military Services," as used herein, refers to the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard.
3. **DEFINITIONS**

Terms used in this Instruction are defined in enclosure 1.

4. **POLICY**

It is DoD policy under Section 402a of 37 U.S.C. (reference (a)) that a FSSA allotment shall be made available to supplement the basic allowance for subsistence (BAS) of a Service member. The combined effect of the household income level and household size of a Service member shall determine the member's eligibility under the FSSA Program.

5. **RESPONSIBILITIES**

5.1. The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Force Management Policy, under the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, shall:

   5.1.1. Review and coordinate on all DoD issuances for the FSSA Program.

   5.1.2. Be responsible for providing FSSA Program policy implementation guidance.

   5.1.3. Monitor compliance with written policy.

   5.1.4. Maintain the currency of this Instruction.

   5.1.5. Prepare an annual report to the Congress, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, as required by Section 402a of reference (a). That report shall include the FSSA Program participation by Military Service, pay grade, number of people in the household, average number of months that is paid by pay grade, continental United States (CONUS) and outside the CONUS participation, and average amount that is paid by pay grade.

5.2. The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer shall publish specific regulations on military pay policy and procedures for the payment of FSSA under DoD 7000.14-R, Vol. 7A, Chapter 25 (reference (b)).

5.3. The Secretaries of the Military Departments:

   5.3.1. May develop such supplementary instructions or regulations, as necessary, for the proper implementation of the FSSA Program in their respective
organizations, which shall be provided to the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness for review.

5.3.2. Shall provide the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Force Management Policy the necessary information to prepare the annual report to the Congress, as in subparagraph 5.1.5, above.

5.4. The Heads of the DoD Components shall ensure:

5.4.1. Compliance with this Instruction.

5.4.2. That DoD and U.S. Coast Guard personnel and their families shall be informed of the FSSA Program entitlement, with particular emphasis on junior personnel.

6. PROCEDURES

6.1. Eligibility

6.1.1. Any member of the Armed Forces serving on active duty and receiving full or partial BAS may participate in the FSSA Program, if such member meets the criteria prescribed in this section.

6.1.2. Eligibility is based on the "household size" (defined in enclosure 1, paragraph E1.1.2.) and "income" of a Service member. If the income of a Service member, together with the income of the rest of the household (if any) of that Service member, is within 130 percent of the poverty line (as determined under Section 2014 (c) of 7 U.S.C., reference (c)) by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), that the member is entitled to FSSA.

6.1.3. At least one person in the household of a Service member shall be a military dependent for that Service member to be eligible for the FSSA Program.

6.1.4. The FSSA Program is voluntary. Service members must apply and be certified to receive the FSSA payment.

6.1.5. When a Service member is in a non-pay status for any reason, the Service member is not eligible for the FSSA during that non-pay period.

6.2. Entitlement
6.2.1. The FSSA Program increases the BAS of a Service member by an amount that is intended to remove the household of that Service member from eligibility for benefits under the USDA Food Stamp Program.

6.2.2. The FSSA is a monthly entitlement and shall be paid in whole dollars, which are equal to the amount that is required to bring the household income of that Service member, to 130 percent of the Federal poverty line. The monthly FSSA entitlement is not to exceed $500 (section 402a of reference (a)).

6.2.2.1. The military income of a Service member is part of household income. Not all military pay and allowances are counted as income for the purposes of the FSSA Program (see enclosure 1).

6.2.2.2. If a Service member is eligible for the FSSA for less than 1 month, the payment shall be prorated for the number of days eligible during the month at a rate of 1/30th of 1 month of FSSA for each eligible day served.

6.2.3. The USDA publishes three "Food Stamp Program Gross-Income Tables," which are entitled the "U.S. 48 States," "Alaska," and "Hawaii." The FSSA shall be based on one of those three tables. All overseas locations except Hawaii shall use the "Alaska" table. The "Food Stamp Program Gross-Income Table" in effect at certification or re-certification, shall be used to calculate the amount of the entitlement.

6.2.4. The amount of the FSSA received shall be determined by subtracting the total household income from the applicable "Food Stamp Program Gross-Income Table" limit for a particular household size. The Service member shall be paid the difference, which is rounded up to the nearest whole dollar, not to exceed $500.

6.2.5. If a FSSA eligible Service member is receiving food stamps, the amount of the monthly FSSA entitlement shall be equal to the calculated FSSA payment, or the USDA Food Stamp Program allotment, whichever is higher, not to exceed $500. If a Service member is not receiving food stamps, or does not qualify for food stamps, it is possible that the Service member still may qualify for the FSSA Program. Due to differences in legislation governing the FSSA Program and the USDA Food Stamp Program, it is possible that a Service member who is receiving food stamps may not qualify for the FSSA Program.

6.3. Application Procedures

6.3.1. Service members may apply for the FSSA Program at those locations that are designated by their respective Military Service. Command financial counselors,
personnel services, community or family support services or equivalent organizations may act as prescreening organizations, but shall not grant any Service member final certification for the FSSA Program. Those organizations may review documentation, and generally may assist Service members in obtaining necessary paperwork and gathering information needed for certification. Those organizations also may estimate the amount of the FSSA and may share that information with the Service member. That amount is not binding or final until it is certified by one of the selected certification points of the Military Service.

6.3.2. The Military Services may prescribe procedures for online application. Following such application, the Service members shall provide the documentation necessary to verify household income and size.

6.3.3. Service members shall sign a printed copy of DD Form 2857, "Family Subsistence Supplemental Allowance Application," declaring that all provided information is accurate.

6.3.4. To the extent practicable, in place administrative processes shall be used to support the FSSA Program. When necessary, each Military Service shall assist and process applications for members of other Military Services where reasonable own-Military Service access is not available, such as at joint commands.

6.4. Certification

6.4.1. Each Military Service shall designate certification points that usually are associated with an administrative, personnel, command, or financial services staff. Those points shall be responsible for officially certifying the entitlement to the FSSA Program, shall calculate the exact amount of payment, shall notify the member of determination of eligibility and the amount of entitlement and shall pass necessary information to the Defense Finance and Accounting Service or to the Coast Guard Human Resources Service and Information Center for such payment.

6.4.2. Each Military Service is responsible for ensuring that adequately trained personnel are in positions to process and certify applications.

6.4.3. When calculating the exact amount of the allowance, certifying officials shall consider the following information:

6.4.3.1. For the FSSA Program, household income and military income have specific meanings, as defined in enclosure 1.
6.4.3.2. Initial certification is effective as of the date of official receipt of the application by the certifying office, except for Reserve component members (see subparagraph 6.6.1.2., below).

6.4.4. Applicants shall be counseled on the following items:

6.4.4.1. During participation in the FSSA Program, any increases in household income of 100 dollars or more per month or any decrease in the size of that household must be reported within 30 days to the certifying official. It shall be the responsibility of the Service member to report those changes, and failure to do so may result in termination of eligibility for the FSSA Program and in command action.

6.4.4.2. The FSSA income may affect participation of the household in certain programs for which eligibility is based on income, such as subsidized school lunch programs; the Women, Infant and Children Program; day care programs; and earned income tax credit (EITC).

6.4.4.3. If the Service member participates in the USDA Food Stamp Program, the FSSA income shall be reported to the USDA Food Stamp Program Office. Receipt of a FSSA payment either may render the household of a Service member ineligible for food stamps or may reduce the amount of the food stamp benefit.

6.5. Re-Certifications

6.5.1. Re-certification is required on the occurrence of any of the following events:

6.5.1.1. When the monthly household income increases by 100 dollars, or more, when compared to the current certified entitlement amount for the Service member.

6.5.1.2. When there is any decrease in household size.

6.5.1.3. When Promoted. Certification shall terminate the day before the effective date of promotion.

6.5.1.4. When Executing a Permanent Change of Station Move. Certification shall terminate the day before the date that the Service member officially checks in to the new duty station.
6.5.1.5. An annual re-certification shall be conducted for all participating Service members effective February 1 of each year. This date was chosen to account for the typical January 1 pay raises.

6.5.2. If during re-certification it is determined that the amount of the FSSA entitlement of a Service member will decrease, based on an increase in the household income of that Service member, recovery of a FSSA payment for the previous period of eligibility is not authorized if the $100 income increase threshold was not exceeded.

6.5.3. Re-certifications must be completed in 30 days or less before or after one of the events listed in subparagraph 6.5.1., above, to maintain continuous entitlement to the FSSA Program. The effective date of re-certification shall be the day following the last day of the previous certification period. In cases where the Service member does not reapply in 30 days after the lapse of certification, a re-certification shall be treated as an initial application.

6.5.4. The certifying official shall notify Service members during the re-certification process that they may request a comparison between USDA Food Stamp Program eligibly and the FSSA calculation under subparagraph 6.2.5.

6.6. Reserve Component Participation in the FSSA Program

6.6.1. The following additional guidance is provided for Reserve component member eligibility and entitlement to the FSSA Program:

6.6.1.1. The household income of the Reserve component member is computed by adding the military income that was received by that Service member while on active duty to any other household income received during the same calendar month that the Service member is on active duty. If the active duty period spans more than 1 calendar month, the FSSA Program entitlement shall be based on the month during which the most active duty days were performed. The Reserve component members shall be entitled to 1/30th of a 1-month FSSA, for each day of duty that is performed, for periods of active duty less than 1 full month. The 1-month household income of a Reserve component member shall not be less than what the military income of that Service member would be if on active duty for 1 full month.

6.6.1.2. A Reserve component member shall apply for the FSSA Program before the conclusion of any period of active duty. The starting date of the entitlement period shall be the first day of active duty. The 30-day re-certification window that is described in subparagraph 6.5.3., above, shall apply.
6.6.1.3. An eligible Reserve component member who serves on active duty every day in a single calendar month, regardless of the number of days in the month, shall receive a 1-month FSSA payment.

6.6.1.4. An eligible Reserve component member that is scheduled for more than one period of nonconsecutive active duty in a 30-day period, may make a single application for the FSSA for all the active duty in that period.

6.7. **FSSA Program Awareness.** One of the keys to success of the FSSA Program is awareness at all levels in the organization. The Military Services shall communicate information about the FSSA Program through their venues.

7. **INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS**

7.1. The FSSA application and certification described in Subparagraph 6.3 above, is exempt from licensing in accordance with DoD 8910.1-M, subparagraphs C4.4.2 and C4.4.6 (reference (d)).

8. **EFFECTIVE DATE**

This Instruction is effective immediately.

[Signature]

Charles S. Abell
Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense
for Personnel and Readiness

Enclosures - 1

E1. Definitions
E1. ENCLOSURE 1

DEFINITIONS

E1.1. DEFINED TERMS

E1.1.1. Dependent. The full definition of that term is in Section 401 of 37 U.S.C. (reference (a)) and, in part, includes the following:

E1.1.1.1. The spouse of a Service member.

E1.1.1.2. An unmarried child of the Service member who is under 21 years of age, or under 23 years of age, if he or she is enrolled full-time in an institution of higher education and is in fact dependent on the member for one-half of his or her support; or for a child of any age, if that child is incapable of self-support because of mental or physical incapacity and is in fact dependent on the member for one-half of his or her support.

E1.1.1.3. The parent of a Service member if the parent is dependent on that member for more than one-half of the support of the parent, and is certified "a dependent," in accordance with DoD or Military Department regulations.

E1.1.2. Household. For the FSSA Program, that term is defined in Section 3(i) of the "Food Stamp Act" (Section 2012 of 7 U.S.C., reference (c)) and, reads in part as follows:

E1.1.2.1. An individual who lives alone or, while living with others, customarily purchases food and prepares meals for home consumption separate and apart from others; or,

E1.1.2.2. A group of individuals that live together and customarily purchase food and prepare meals together for home consumption.

E1.1.2.3. Spouses, parents, and their children 21 years of age or younger who live together and children (excluding foster children) under 18 years of age who live with, and are under the parental control of, a person other than their parent, together with the person that exercises parental control shall be treated as a "group of individuals" that customarily purchases and preparing meals together for home consumption, even if they do not do so.
E1.1.2.3.1. For a Service member who has joint custody of a child, that child may be counted as part of the household of the Service member during any month that the child spends 50 percent, or more, of his or her time with the Service member.

E1.1.2.3.2. An individual shall not be counted as a member of more than one household at the same time.

E1.1.2.3.3. A member who is separated geographically from the household of which normally he or she is a part shall be considered a member of that household for the FSSA Program.

E1.1.2.3.4. Dependents who normally do not live with the Service member shall not be considered part of the Service member's household.

E1.1.2.3.5. Households of Military Service members temporarily may have absences of certain individuals, or social visits by others to the household. Those routine temporary variations do not constitute a change in household size, and do not have to be reported. If the absence or visit extends beyond 3 consecutive months, it shall be considered a permanent change to household size, and shall be reported to a certifying official.

E1.1.3. Household Income

E1.1.3.1. Household income shall include the total amount of income that is received by any member of the household (except as noted in subparagraphs E1.1.3.2.1. through E1.1.3.2.4., below) before any taxes or other deductions. This includes military income, wages, earnings, salaries, commissions, tips, self-employment income (minus the cost of producing that income), supplemental security income, temporary assistance for needy families (TANF), interest or dividend income, alimony, child support, unemployment or worker's compensation, veterans benefits, annuities, pensions and other retirement benefits, or any other direct payments from any source, unless be excluded, as follows:

E1.1.3.2. The following items are not to be included as "household income":

E1.1.3.2.1. Earned income of a student who is attending an elementary or secondary school and is under 18 years old.

E1.1.3.2.2. Loans, grants, and scholarships for postsecondary students.
E1.1.3.2.3. Income tax refunds, insurance settlements, payments from Federal EITCs, Federal Energy Assistance payments (except those made under TANF).

E1.1.3.2.4. Housing and Urban Development utility reimbursements, reimbursements for expenses such as medical or dependent care (if they do not exceed actual expenses), the value of food stamps, or any other income that is excluded by Section 2012 of 7 U.S.C. (reference (c)).

E1.1.3.3. Sporadic or seasonal income shall be counted only during the month, or months, in which it is received. If sporadic or seasonal income causes the household income of the Service member to exceed the 100-dollar a month threshold (see subparagraph 6.5.1.1. of this Instruction), the Service member shall report that information to a certifying official and shall be re-certified.

E1.1.3.4. Any household income that is received in foreign currency shall be converted to U.S. dollars using the prevailing rate of exchange.

E1.1.4. Military Income

E1.1.4.1. For the FSSA Program, the sources of revenue that shall be counted as "military income" are basic pay, BAS, basic allowance for housing, or cash equivalent for those that are living in Government-provided housing, overseas housing allowance (OHA), all bonuses, and all special and incentive pays except those that are excluded in subparagraph E1.1.4.2., below.

E1.1.4.1.1. The monthly amount of military income attributable to a bonus shall be the amount of the bonus, prorated over the period the time to which bonus is applicable.

E1.1.4.1.2. When a Service member lives in Government quarters while he or she is stationed overseas, the amount of housing allowance to count as income for that Service member is the OHA ceiling for the local area.

E1.1.4.2. The following sources of revenue shall not be counted as "military income": overseas cost of living allowance (OCOLA), CONUS COLA, family separation housing allowance, all travel- and transportation-related allowances and entitlements, and clothing allowances.