DIRECTIVE

NUMBER 4715.12
August 17, 1999

SUBJECT: Environmental and Explosives Safety Management on Department of Defense Active and Inactive Ranges Outside the United States

(b) DoD Directive 6055.9, "DoD Explosives Safety Board (DDESB) and Component Explosives Safety Responsibilities," July 29, 1996
(c) DoD Directive 4715.11, "Environmental and Explosives Safety Management on Department of Defense Active and Inactive Ranges within the United States," August 17, 1999
(e) through (h), see enclosure 1

1. PURPOSE

This Directive establishes policy and assigns responsibilities under references (a) and (b) for:

1.1. Sustainable use and management of the Department of Defense's active and inactive ranges located outside the United States.

1.2. The protection of DoD personnel and the public from explosives hazards on the Department of Defense's active and inactive ranges located outside the United States.

2. APPLICABILITY

This Directive applies to:
2.1. The Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Combatant Commands, the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Defense Agencies, the DoD Field Activities, as well as all other organizational entities within the Department of Defense (hereafter referred to collectively as "DoD Components").

2.2. All active and inactive ranges located outside the United States that are owned, leased, or operated (range use and management is directed or controlled, as defined in site-specific agreements) by a DoD Component (hereafter referred to as "DoD ranges").

2.2.1. For DoD ranges that a non-DoD Component (to include a foreign government) owns, this Directive applies subject to the terms of any agreement with the owner for the leasing or operation of the range. (The DoD Components will attempt to ensure that future agreements are consistent with this Directive and provide for non-DoD users to proportionally reimburse the DoD Component for the costs of complying with this Directive.)

2.2.2. When a DoD Component other than the DoD Component exercising real property accountability operates a DoD range, responsibility for compliance with this Directive is assigned to the operating DoD Component, unless the two parties agree otherwise.

2.3. This Directive does not apply to DoD ranges located within the United States. For such DoD ranges, consult DoD Directive 4715.11 (reference (c)).

2.4. This Directive does not apply to indoor ranges.

3. DEFINITIONS

The terms used in this Directive are defined in enclosure 2.

4. POLICY

It is DoD policy to:

4.1. Use and manage DoD ranges in a manner that supports national security objectives and maintains the high state of operational readiness essential to the United States Armed Forces.
4.2. Ensure the long-term viability of DoD ranges while protecting human health and the environment.

4.3. Limit, to the extent practical, the potential for explosives mishaps and the damaging effects of such to personnel, operational capability, property, and the environment.

4.4. Resolve conflicts between explosives safety and other requirements with the objective of minimizing explosives hazards.

4.5. Design and use DoD ranges and the munitions used on them, to the extent practical, to minimize both potential explosives hazards and harmful environmental impacts and to promote resource recovery and recycling.

4.6. Operate DoD ranges in a manner that complies with all requirements of applicable international agreements and respects the sovereignty of the host nation.

5. RESPONSIBILITIES

5.1. The Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness shall provide guidance to ensure DoD training ranges meet the operational requirements necessary to support national security objectives and maintain the high state of operational readiness essential to the United States Armed Forces.

5.2. The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) must provide financial management policy regarding active and inactive range management activities in accordance with reference (d).

5.3. The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Technology must:

5.3.1. Take overall OSD responsibility for safety, explosives safety, environmental, and technology policies related to implementation of this Directive.

5.3.2. Develop acquisition plans, strategies, guidance, and assessments to implement this Directive.

5.3.3. Ensure that research, development, test, and evaluation (RDT&E) programs address technology requirements to enhance sustainable range management.
5.3.4. Have OSD staff responsibility for all safety, explosives safety (through the Chair, Department of Defense Explosives Safety Board (DDESB)), and environmental policy and oversight related to implementation of this Directive.

5.3.5. Be the OSD proponent for technology requirements for unexploded ordnance (UXO) clearance on DoD ranges and coordinate such requirements with the Director, Test Systems Engineering and Evaluation.

5.3.6. Designate a DoD Component as the Executive Agent responsible for:

5.3.6.1. The coordination of Joint Service technology requirements for UXO clearance on DoD ranges. (The Executive Agent will coordinate UXO clearance technology requirements affecting the EOD mission area with the Executive Manager for EOD Technology and Training.)

5.3.6.2. The transition of these requirements into technology programs.

5.3.7. Coordinate DoD Component efforts to assess the environmental impacts of munitions use on DoD ranges.

5.3.8. The Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Installations must provide guidance to all DoD Components on establishing and maintaining complete inventories of DoD ranges.

5.4. The Head of each DoD Component must:

5.4.1. Establish the necessary procedures to ensure that its DoD ranges comply with this Directive and include sustainable range management goals in long-term planning efforts.

5.4.2. Establish and maintain an inventory of its DoD ranges consistent with the guidance provided by the Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Installations.

5.4.3. Establish and implement procedures to assess the environmental impacts of munitions use on DoD ranges.

5.4.4. Ensure that management plans, at the installation or responsible activity level, include planning for sustainable range use by December 31, 2001, and are reviewed or updated at least every 5 years. This planning, at a minimum, will address: long-term sustainable use; management procedures; record keeping; standards; monitoring; public outreach and public participation programs, if required; technology
requirements to ensure sustainable range management; integration with other installation planning processes; and resources.

5.4.5. Establish procedures for range clearance operations to permit the sustainable safe use of DoD ranges for their intended purpose. The frequency of, and degree to which, range clearance operations will be conducted will consider, at a minimum, the safety hazards of clearance, each range’s intended use, and the quantities and types of munitions expended on that range.

5.5. The Commanders of the Combatant Commands, for DoD ranges within their areas of responsibility (AORs), must:

5.5.1. Coordinate and approve overall policy implementing this Directive within their geographic AORs, as necessary to carry out their mission.

5.5.2. Resolve disputes between a DoD Component and the Environmental Executive Agent on country-specific policy.

5.6. The DoD Components must:

5.6.1. Restrict access to DoD ranges, especially impact areas and other areas suspected of containing UXO.

5.6.1.1. Take appropriate action to prevent unauthorized access to DoD ranges. Such actions include establishing access controls (e.g., posting UXO hazard-warning signs that are either bilingual, in both English and the local language, or otherwise understandable; fencing the area; establishing roving security patrols) and asking the host nation to provide public notifications of potential explosives hazards.

5.6.1.2. Ensure individuals authorized access to DoD ranges are provided appropriate explosives safety training prior to entering the range. The DoD Components will develop guidelines to determine when individuals authorized access to DoD ranges will be escorted.

5.6.2. Provide appropriate information to the host nation regarding the compatible uses of property located near DoD ranges.

5.6.3. For DoD ranges, maintain permanent records of:

5.6.3.1. All military munitions expended, to include an estimated dud rate, by type, quantity, location, and using organization.
5.6.3.2. All UXO clearance operations or explosives ordnance disposal (EOD) incidents conducted on ranges.

5.6.3.3. The coordinates of all areas known or suspected of containing UXO. (Installation master plans or range maps will be used to document such areas.)

5.6.4. Minimize the use on DoD ranges, to include for RDT&E, of munitions that contain submunitions or depleted uranium (DU) to that required to support national security objectives.

5.6.4.1. For submunitions, restrict such use to specifically designated target or impact areas.

5.6.4.2. For DU, restrict such use to specifically designated target or impact areas that have been specifically approved by a competent authority designated by the host nation. Before requesting such approval, the DoD Components should consult with the Environmental Executive Agent designated for the host nation per DoD Instruction 4715.5 (reference (e)) or with the Unified Combatant Commander, if no Environmental Executive Agent exists. When possible, DU will be fired into containment fixtures, and high explosives munitions will not be fired into the same area as DU.

5.6.4.3. When practical, establish sole-use target or impact areas to segregate such munitions from other munitions.

5.6.5. To the extent practical, use targets on DoD ranges that do not contain hazardous materials (e.g., petroleum, oils, lubricants, radium dials, batteries).

5.6.6. Conduct a hazard assessment prior to any range clearance operation at DoD ranges. This assessment will include, at a minimum, rationale for the clearance, the number of personnel involved, support requirements, the types of ordnance anticipated to be encountered, and expected UXO contamination levels. When range clearance is an integral part of a test or training plan, a hazard assessment will be included.

5.6.7. Establish safe and practical methods for recycling or disposing of range residues in accordance with DoD 4160.21-M (reference (f)). Ensure range residues, to include cartridge cases, ordnance-derived wastes, and targets, do not contain ammunition, explosives or other dangerous articles prior to public release from DoD control.
5.6.8. Prohibit controlled burning of vegetation as a method of UXO clearance on DoD ranges. Controlled burns may be used to control dense brush or undergrowth or clear a range area of vegetation to make UXO clearance operations safe for personnel conducting the clearance.

5.6.9. Ensure procedures are in place to:

5.6.9.1. Notify DoD employees, installation residents, and the host nation, as appropriate, of range operations that may present an explosives hazard off the DoD range.

5.6.9.2. Respond promptly to protect personnel and property from such hazards on the installation and with host nation permission, off the installation.

5.6.10. Ensure communication of range issues that affect or have the potential to affect the surrounding communities (e.g., controlled burns, access controls, institutional controls) to the host nation. The DoD Components may participate in public education programs intended for host-nation personnel only with the host nation's permission.

5.6.11. Before changing the use of a range area, conduct appropriate range clearance operations, consistent with the proposed use of the area.

5.6.12. Respond in accordance with DoD Instruction 4715.8 (reference (g)) to environmental contamination caused by munitions constituents and located on or emanating from DoD ranges located outside the United States. Environmental contamination does not include explosives safety risks associated with acute injury from intended or unintended detonation, ignition, or similar functioning of military munitions, including UXO. Respond to explosives safety risks in accordance with DoD 6055.9-STD (reference (h)), except when an applicable international agreement, to include a Status of Forces Agreement, makes compliance with more restrictive local standards mandatory.
6. **EFFECTIVE DATE**

This Directive is effective immediately.

Enclosures - 2
- E1. References, continued
- E2. Definitions

John J. Hamre
Deputy Secretary of Defense

DODD 4715.12, August 17, 1999
E1. ENCLOSURE 1

REFERENCES, continued

(e) **DoD Instruction 4715.5**, "Management of Environmental Compliance at Overseas Installations," April 22, 1996
(g) **DoD Instruction 4715.8**, "Environmental Remediation for DoD Activities Overseas," February 2, 1998
(h) **DoD 6055.9-STD**, "DoD Ammunition and Explosives Safety Standards," July 1999
E2. ENCLOSURE 2

DEFINITIONS

E2.1.1. **Active Range.** A range that is currently in service and is being regularly used for range activities.

E2.1.2. **Exposives Mishap.** An accident or unexpected event involving military munitions.

E2.1.3. **Exposives Safety.** A condition where operational capability and readiness, personnel, property, and the environment are protected from the unacceptable effects of an ammunition or explosives mishap.

E2.1.4. **Impact Area.** The identified area within a range intended to capture or contain ammunition, munitions, or explosives and resulting debris, fragments, and components from various weapon system employments.

E2.1.5. **Inactive Range.** A range that is not currently being used, but that is still under military control and is considered by the military to be a potential range area, and that has not been put to a new use incompatible with range activities.

E2.1.6. **Military Munitions.** All ammunition products and components produced or used by or for the Department of Defense or the U.S. Armed Services for national defense and security, including military munitions under the control of the Department of Defense, the U.S. Coast Guard, the U.S. Department of Energy, and National Guard personnel. The term:

   E2.1.6.1. Includes: Confined gaseous, liquid, and solid propellants, explosives, pyrotechnics, chemical and riot control agents, smokes, and incendiaries used by the DoD Components, including bulk explosives and chemical warfare agents, chemical munitions, rockets, guided and ballistic missiles, bombs, warheads, mortar rounds, artillery ammunition, small arms ammunition, grenades, mines, torpedoes, depth charges, cluster munitions and dispensers, demolition charges, and devices and any components of such.
E2.1.6.2. Does not include: Wholly inert items, improvised explosive devices, and nuclear weapons, devices, and components of such. (However, it does include non-nuclear components of nuclear devices, managed under the DOE's nuclear weapons program after all required sanitization operations under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, have been completed.)

E2.1.7. Range. A designated land or water area set aside, managed, and used to conduct research on, develop, test, and evaluate military munitions and explosives, other ordnance, or weapon systems, or to train military personnel in their use and handling. Ranges include firing lines and positions, maneuver areas, firing lanes, test pads, detonation pads, impact areas, and buffer zones with restricted access and exclusionary areas. The definition of a range does not include airspace, or water, or land areas underlying airspace used for training, testing, or research and development where military munitions have not been used.

E2.1.8. Submunition. Any munition that, to perform its task, separates from a parent munition.

E2.1.9. Sustainable Range Management. Management of a DoD range in a manner that:

E2.1.9.1. Supports national security objectives and maintains the operational readiness of the Armed Forces; and

E2.1.9.2. Ensures the long-term viability of DoD ranges while protecting human health and the environment.

E2.1.10. Unexploded Ordnance (UXO). Military munitions that have been primed, fused, armed, or otherwise prepared for action, and have been fired, dropped, launched, projected, or placed in such a manner as to constitute a hazard to operations, installation, personnel, or material and remain unexploded either by malfunction, design, or any other cause.

E2.1.11. United States. The States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands, American Samoa, Guam, Johnston Atoll, Kingman Reef, Midway Island, Navassa Island, Palmyra Island, the United States Virgin Islands, Wake Island, and any other territory or possession over which the United States has jurisdiction, and associated navigable waters, contiguous zones, and ocean waters of which the natural resources are under the exclusive management authority of the United States.