GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS & DEFINITIONS

Α

AAC Arizona Administrative Code

ACC Arizona Corporation Commission

ACEP American College of Emergency Physicians

ACOS American College of Surgeons

ADA Arizona Department of Agriculture

ADA Arizona Dental Association

ADC Arizona Department of Commerce

ADEM Arizona Division of Emergency Management

ADOT Arizona Department of Transportation

ADWR Arizona Department of Water Resources

AEOC Alternate Emergency Operations Center

AFCA Arizona Fire Chiefs' Association

AFDA Arizona Funeral Directors Association
AFRCC Air Force Rescue Coordination Center

AGCA Associated General Contractors of America

AoA Administration on Aging

AP Assembly Point

ARC American Red Cross

ARRA Arizona Radiation Regulatory Agency

ARS Arizona Revised Statutes
AZNG Arizona National Guard

AZSERC Arizona State Emergency Response Commission
AzVOAD Arizona Voluntary Organizations Active in Disasters

В

BC Base Camp

BHD Behavioral Health Division

CAP Civil Air Patrol

CAS Chemical Abstract System

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation & Liability Act

CES Cooperative Extension Services
CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center

CHRIS Chemical Hazards Response Information System

CIA Central Intelligence Agency

CISD Critical Incident Stress Debriefing
CISM Critical Incident Stress Management

CME County Medical Examiner

C°M Consequence Management

CRG Chemical Referral Guide

C^RM Crisis Management

CWA Clean Water Act (a.k.a. FWPCA)

D

DDF Disaster Donations Fund

DEMA Department of Emergency and Military Affairs

DEQ Department of Environmental Quality
DES Department of Economic Security

DFO Disaster Field Office

DHHS Department of Health and Human Services

DHS Department of Health Services
DIA Defense Intelligence Agency
DOA Department of Administration
DOC Department of Commerce
DOC Department of Corrections
DOE Department of Energy
DOS Department of State

DPS Department of Public Safety
DRC Disaster Recovery Center
DRC Donations Reception Center

DSR Damage Survey Report
DST Damage Survey Team
DWI Disaster Welfare Inquiry

Ε

EAS **Emergency Alert System EDNA Emergency Department Nurses Association EDUD Emergency Development and Utilization Division EHTR Emergency Highway Traffic Regulation EMS Emergency Medical Services EOC Emergency Operations Center EOCC Emergency Operations Communications Center** EOP **Emergency Operations Plan** EPA **Environmental Protection Agency EPCRA** Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act EPI **Emergency Public Information EPIS Emergency Public Information System** ERT **Emergency Response Team** ESF **Emergency Support Function** F F-AS Federal- Aid System FAA Federal Aviation Administration FBI Federal Bureau of Investigation **FCID** Foreign Counter Intelligence Division (FBI) FCO Federal Coordinating Officer FCT Food Coordination Team **FEMA** Federal Emergency Management Agency FHA Farmers Home Administration **FHWA** Federal Highway Administration **FOSC** Federal On-Scene Coordinator **FRERP** Federal Radiological Emergency Response Plan FRP Federal Response Plan **FWPCA** Federal Water Pollution Control Act G GAR Governor's Authorized Representative GEF Governor's Emergency Fund Н HEW Health, Education and Welfare, Department of

Highway Patrol Bureau

HPB

HUD Housing and Urban Development ı IC Incident Commander ICS **Incident Command System** IFG **Individual Family Grant** INS Immigration and Naturalization Service IOP Internal Operating Procedure J JIC Joint Information Center **JLBC** Joint Legislative Budget Committee JOC Joint Operations Center L **LEPC** Local Emergency Planning Committee LFA Lead Federal Agency LSA Lead State Agency **LSPIO** Lead State Public Information Officer M MAC Mutual Aid Compact (CA, AZ, NM, CO, NV) MARS Military Amateur Radio System MC **Mobilization Center** Mobile Emergency Response Support **MERS** MMC Mobile Mortuary Container **MSDS** Material Safety Data Sheet **MVD** Motor Vehicle Division Ν NAWAS National Warning and Alert System **NCP** National Contingency Plan **NDMOSC** National Disaster Medical Operations Support Center **NDMS** National Disaster Medical System **NECC** National Emergency Coordination Center NFDA National Funeral Directors Association NFPA National Fire Protection Association National Interagency Incident Management System NIIMS National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration NOAA

NOI Notice of Interest

NRC National Response Center

NRC Nuclear Regulatory Commission

NRT National Response Team
NWS National Weather Service

NWWS National Weather Wire Service

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OSC On-Scene Coordinator

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Act

OSPB Office of Strategic Planning and Budgeting

Ρ

PA Project Application
PA Public Assistance

PAG Protective Action Guidelines

PDA Preliminary Damage Assessment

PIO Public Information Officer

PL Public Law
POA Point of Arrival

PSP Pipeline Safety Personnel

PVNGS Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station

R

RACES Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Services

RAP Radiological Assistance Plan

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RM Resource Manager

RMS Risk Management Section

RP Responsible Party

RRT Regional Response Team

S

SA Staging Area

SAFA School Assistance Federal Affected Areas

SAR Search and Rescue

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SBA Small Business Administration

SC State Clearinghouse

SCO State Coordinating Officer SEC State Emergency Council

SECC State of Arizona Emergency Communications Center

SEOC State Emergency Operations Center

SERO State Emergency Response Organization

SERRP State Emergency Response and Recovery Plan

SFM State Fire Marshall

SFSC State Fire Safety Committee

SLD State Land Department

SOP Standard Operating Procedures

SOSC State On-Scene Coordinator

SWP State Warning Point

T

TRAC Terrorist Research Analytical Center (FBI)

TSI-ASB Transportation Safety Institute - Anti-Terrorism Branch

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VA Veterans Administration

W

WMD Weapons of Mass Destruction

WQARF Water Quality Assurance Revolving Fund

ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY RESPONSE COMMISSION (AZSERC) - A commission formed by the Governor and Title 26, Chapter 2 of Arizona Revised Statutes, Article 3 to implement the requirements of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Title III - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act in the State of Arizona.

C

CAS NUMBER - A standardized reference number for all regulated hazardous materials.

CHEMICAL TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY CENTER (CHEMTREC) - A facility of the Chemical Manufacturers Association located in Washington, D.C. which provides information on dealing with chemical transportation accidents 24 hours per day.

COMMERCIAL NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION - Means an electrical power generating facility owned by a public service corporation, a municipal corporation or a consortium of public service corporations which produces electricity by means of a nuclear reactor.

COMMUNITY EMERGENCY COORDINATOR - A person appointed for the Local Emergency Planning Committee (pursuant to SARA) who makes determinations necessary to implement plans, and who receives official emergency notification of releases.

COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW - Legislation requiring the communicating of chemical information to local agencies or the public.

COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT of 1980 (CERCLA) - Provides federal authority to respond to releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances and pollutants or contaminants that may endanger public health, welfare or the environment.

COUNCIL - Means the Arizona Emergency Council.

CRISIS EVENT - An event which produces a temporary state of psychological disequilibrium and a subsequent state of emotional turmoil.

CRITICAL INCIDENT - A turning point event. Often called a crisis event. A critical incident is any event which has a stressful impact sufficient enough to overwhelm the usually effective coping skills of either an individual or a group. Critical incidents are typically sudden, powerful events which are outside of the range of ordinary human experiences. Because they are so sudden and unusual, they can have a strong emotional effect even on well trained, experienced people.

CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS - The reaction a person or group has to a critical incident. Critical Incident Stress is characterized by a wide range of cognitive, physical, emotional and behavioral signs and symptoms. Most people recover from critical incident stress within a few weeks.

CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS DEBRIEFING (CISD) - A group meeting or discussion about a distressing critical incident. Designed to mitigate the impact of a critical incident and to assist and educate the personnel in recovering as quickly as possible from the stress associated with the event. The CISD is run by a specially trained team which includes peer support personnel and a mental health professional.

CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS MANAGEMENT (CISM) - A wide range of programs and intervention strategies which have been designed to prevent stress in emergency personnel and to assist them in managing and recovering from significant stress should they encounter it in their work. It includes pre incident education, significant-other support programs, defusings, demobilizations, debriefings, on-scene support services, individual consultations, peer counseling, initial discussions, crisis intervention training, disaster preparedness, and other disaster assistance programs.

CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS TEAM - A team of professional and peer personnel who have received special training to intervene in stress reactions.

D

DEBRIEFING - Generic term for the Critical Incident Stress Debriefing (CISD) process.

DEFUSING - The defusing is a shortened version of the Critical Incident Stress debriefing. Defusing always take place immediately or relatively soon after the critical incident is finished, and lasts between twenty and forty-five minutes. It is designed to eliminate the need to provide a formal debriefing.

DEMOBILIZATION - DE-ESCALATION - DECOMPRESSION - All three words are used as synonyms to mean a brief intervention which is reserved for use immediately after a disaster or other large scale incident. The intervention is designed to provide a transition period from the world of the traumatic event back to the world of the routine. As personnel are relieved from their shift, they are sent as a unit to a demobilization center. Here they are given a ten minute talk on critical incident stress, the symptoms they might encounter and some suggestions which will be immediately helpful to them during the next twenty-four to seventy-two hours or until a debriefing can be arranged to discuss the incident. After the ten minute talk, the emergency workers are sent to another room in which food and non-alcoholic beverages are served. After a twenty minute rest, the units are released to go home.

DIRECTOR - Means the director of the Division of Emergency Management.

DIVISION - Means the Division of Emergency Management within the Department of Emergency and Military Affairs.

DONATIONS COORDINATION CENTER (DCC) - The Donations Coordination Center is where the DCT operates.

DONATIONS COORDINATION TEAM (DCT) - The donations coordination team assembles in disasters when there is a need for enhanced voluntary agency coordination to manage the influx of donated goods and volunteers.

DONATIONS STAGING AREA (DSA) - A facility away from the disaster area but close enough to serve as a site where goods and/or volunteers are mobilized and prepared for immediate deployment to either a local distribution site in the disaster area or a volunteer work station.

DUTY OFFICER - A 24-hour position within the Department of Public Safety - Communications Center. The duty officer is the statewide point of contact for alerting state agencies of emergencies/disasters.

EMERGENCY FUNCTIONS - Includes warning and communications services, relocation of persons from stricken areas, radiological preparedness, temporary restoration of utilities, plant protection, transportation, welfare, engineering, search, rescue, health, law enforcement, fire fighting and other activities.

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT - A comprehensive government response to man-caused, technological and natural hazards. Emergency management includes the preparation for, response to, recovery from and mitigation against any disaster.

EMERGENCY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT OF 1986 - Also referred to as Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) - Title III.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE SPECIALIST - Acts as ADOT's SOSC to assist in preparation for hazardous materials clean-up operations on state highways, state roads or ADOT maintenance/construction sites. Assists On-Scene Commander and coordinates resources needed in absence of or on behalf of ADOT Maintenance Engineer. Is ADOT - Safety Section representative.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE UNIT - DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY - A group of occupational specialists who act as the SOSC for non-transportation hazardous materials incidents to provide scientific support and technical response activities.

EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES - A substance on the list described in Section 302(a)(2) of PL 99-499, Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986.

F

FACILITY - All buildings, equipment, structures, and other stationary items which are located on a single site or on contiguous or adjacent sites and which are owned or operated by the same person.

FACILITY EMERGENCY COORDINATOR - Facility representative for each facility with an extremely hazardous substance in a quantity exceeding its threshold planning quantity, who participates in the emergency planning process.

FEDERAL ON-SCENE COORDINATOR (FOSC) - The designated on-scene coordinator of federal agencies at a hazardous materials incident.

FEDERAL-STATE AGREEMENT - Once the President has declared an Emergency or a Major Disaster, the Federal Coordinating Officer and the State Coordinating Officer establish the Federal-State Agreement, which delineates the responsibilities of each party to the recovery from the disaster/emergency.

FEMA VOLAG COORDINATOR - Each FEMA Region has a Voluntary Agency Coordinator. In a disaster, the VOLAG Coordinator shares information about federal/state activities with voluntary agencies and assembles a report on voluntary agency activities.

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL - Has the meaning given such term by Section 311(e) of EPCRA.

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL - A term used in this plan to generically define any chemical, substance, material or waste which may pose an unreasonable risk to health, safety, property and/or the environment.

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL (USDOT) - Any substance which has been determined by the U. S. Department of Transportation under Title 49 CFR to be capable of posing an unreasonable risk to health, safety and property if transported in commerce.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS UNIT - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY - A group of hazardous materials technicians and specialists who act as the SOSC for hazardous materials highway and rail transportation incidents.

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE -A substance designated as hazardous under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Public Law 96-510 as amended by SARA.

HAZARDOUS WASTE - Has the meaning as defined in PL 94-580, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 as amended.

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INCIDENT COMMANDER (IC) - The lead agency representative in overall command of an emergency incident.

IN-KIND DONATIONS - A donation for disaster survivors other than a cash donation, i.e, a material donation or professional service.

INVENTORY FORMS - Tier II, emergency and hazardous chemical inventory forms used for reporting under SARA Title III.

L

LOCAL DISTRIBUTION CENTER - A local church, community-based organization facility or site, voluntary agency facility or local government facility where goods are dispersed directly to disaster victims. Managed locally and re-supplied by parent organizations or direct supply from unexpected donors.

LOCAL EMERGENCY - Means the existence of conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety of persons or property within the territorial limits of a county, city or town, which are or are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment and facilities of such political subdivision as determined by its governing body and which require the combined efforts of other political subdivisions.

LOCAL EMERGENCY PLANNING COMMITTEE (LEPC) - A committee formed to implement local government compliance with SARA Title III. This committee is responsible for the development and maintenance of the local hazardous materials plan, and providing community right-to-know information.

LOCAL INCIDENT COMMANDER - The local government representative at an incident who is responsible for the direction and coordination of all local government response activities on scene.

M

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS) - Technical information documents required under the OSHA Hazard Communications Standard describing the toxicity, physical hazards and methods of safe handling for hazardous chemicals.

MITIGATION - Activities which eliminate or reduce the probability of occurrence of a disaster. It also includes long-term activities which reduce the effects of unavoidable disasters.

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NATIONAL CALL CENTER - A facility at FEMA headquarters equipped and prepared to activate with a toll free number and phone operators to support a state donations operation. Only used in large scale disasters.

NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (NRC) - A communications center for activities related to federal response actions located at Coast Guard Headquarters in Washington, D.C.

NATIONAL VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS ACTIVE IN DISASTERS (NVOAD) - The umbrella organization of established and experienced voluntary organizations that serve disaster affected communities.

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OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ADMINISTRATION (OSHA) - Regulates occupational exposures to hazardous chemicals.

Ρ

PIPELINE SAFETY PERSONNEL (PSP) - A group of occupational specialists of the Arizona Corporation Commission (ACC).

PREPAREDNESS - The development of plans and procedures by government, organizations and individuals to save lives and minimize disaster damage and enhance disaster response operations.

R

RAILROAD SAFETY PERSONNEL - A group of occupational specialists of the Arizona Corporation Commission (ACC).

RECEPTION CENTER - A large facility away from the disaster area to serve as a holding station for un-designated goods managed by State and AzVoad representatives.

RECOVERY - Means short-term activities necessary to return vital systems and facilities to minimum operating standards and long-term activities required to return life to normal or improved levels.

REGIONAL RESPONSE TEAM (RRT) - A group of federal representatives from the states encompassing federal Region IX (Arizona, California, Nevada, Hawaii, and the trust territories) who respond in support of EPA's National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan.

RELEASE - See Spill.

RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT of 1976 (RCRA) - Establishes a framework for proper management and disposal of all wastes.

RESPONSE - Means activities that are designed to provide emergency assistance, limit the primary effects, reduce the probability of secondary damage and speed recovery operations.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY - Defined in ARS 49-383. In an occupied facility the RP is the owner or operator. On vacant land when no knowledge of the party responsible for dumping the materials exists the RP is the land owner. On vacant land with knowledge of the party responsible for dumping the materials, the dumper is the RP and if the dumper is not financially capable, the land owner is the RP.

S

SARA - See Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986

SPILL - Includes, but is not limited to, any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, or dumping of any hazardous material or oil.

STATE OF EMERGENCY - means the duly proclaimed existence of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons or property within the state caused by air pollution, fire, flood or flood-water, storm, epidemic, riot, earthquake or other causes, except those resulting in a state of war emergency, which are or are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment and facilities of any single county, city or town, and which require the combined efforts of the state and the political subdivision.

STATE OF WAR EMERGENCY - Means the condition which exists immediately whenever this nation is attacked or upon receipt by this state of a warning from the federal government indicating that such an attack is imminent.

STATE ON-SCENE COORDINATOR (SOSC) - The designated coordinator of all Arizona state response agencies at an incident.

STRESS - A response characterized by physical and psychological arousal arising as a direct result of an exposure to any demand or pressure on a living organism.

SUPERFUND - Trust fund established under CERCLA and extended under SARA to provide money for cleanups associated with inactive hazardous waste disposal sites.

SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986, TITLE III (a.k.a. EMERGENCY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RIGHT -TO -KNOW ACT) - Requires the development of local plans for hazardous materials response and the development of systems to provide community right-to-know information to citizens.

TITLE III - See Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986.

TOXIC CHEMICAL - Any substance on the list described in Section 313© of Title III.

TRAUMA - A trauma is any event which attacks the psyche and breaks through the defense system with the potential to significantly disrupt one's life, perhaps resulting in a personality change or physical illness if it is not managed quickly and/or effectively.

TRAUMATIC STRESS - The stress response produced when a person is exposed to a disturbing traumatic event. The traumatic stress reaction may be immediate or delayed.

U

UNAFFILIATED VOLUNTEERS - Also known as "emergent" volunteers that are not formally associated with a voluntary organization active in the disaster operation.

UNDESIGNATED GOODS - Donated goods largely unsolicited that do not have a specific recipient prepared to receive them.

UNIFIED COMMAND - A standard method to coordinate command of an incident when multiple agencies have jurisdiction.

UNSOLICITED GOODS - Donated goods that are not asked for by professional donations specialists.

V

VOLUNTEER AGENCY (VOLAG) - A generic term for a voluntary agency.

VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS ACTIVE IN DISASTER (VOAD) - Organized at the state level. VOAD members meet to prepare for disasters. In the response period, each individual member functions independently. In Arizona, the VOAD is referred to as AzVOAD.